

以下、 $C$  は積分定数を表すものとする。

$$\text{【1】 } \int \tan 2x dx = \int \frac{-2 \sin 2x}{\cos 2x} \cdot \frac{1}{-2} dx = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2} \log |\cos 2x| + C}$$

$$\text{【2】 } \int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \boxed{\tan x + C}$$

$$\text{【3】 } \int \cos 4x \cos x dx = \frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 5x + \cos 3x) dx = \boxed{\frac{1}{10} \sin 5x + \frac{1}{6} \sin 3x + C}$$

$$\text{【4】 } \int \log(-x) dx = \boxed{x \log(-x) - x + C}$$

$$\text{【5】 } \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^3 t dt = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\cos^2 t - 1)(-\sin t) dt = \left[ \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 t - \cos t \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = -\frac{1}{3} + 1 = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{【6】 } \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^4 t dt &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( \frac{1 + \cos 2t}{2} \right)^2 dt = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - 2 \cos 2t + \frac{1 + \cos 4t}{2}}{4} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2}}{4} dx = \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \boxed{\frac{3\pi}{16}} \end{aligned}$$

(注：区間  $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$  において、 $\cos 2t$  は半周期分、 $\cos 4t$  は1周期分である。)

$$\text{【7】 } \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x^2 - 2x + 2} dx = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{(x-1)^2 + 1} dx = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^0 \frac{1}{\tan^2 \theta + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} d\theta = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

( $x-1 = \tan \theta$  と置換した。)

$$\text{【8】 } \int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2 + x} dx = \int_1^2 \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x+1} \right) dx = \left[ \log \left| \frac{x}{x+1} \right| \right]_1^2 = \log \left( \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{1} \right) = \boxed{\log \frac{4}{3}}$$

$$\text{【9】 } \int_2^3 \frac{1}{4x^2 + 4x + 1} dx = \int_2^3 (2x+1)^{-2} dx = \left[ -\frac{1}{2} (2x+1)^{-1} \right]_2^3 = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{5} \right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{35}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{【10】 } \int_{-1}^1 (x^2 - x + 3)^2 dx &= \int_{-1}^1 (x^4 - 2x^3 + 7x^2 - 6x + 9) dx \\ &= 2 \left( \frac{1}{5} + \frac{7}{3} + 9 \right) = \frac{2(3 + 35 + 135)}{15} = \boxed{\frac{346}{15}} \end{aligned}$$