

理 4

$$y = \log(1 + \cos x) \quad \text{について,}$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \sqrt{1 + (y')^2} &= \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{-s}{1+c}\right)^2} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} c = \cos x \\ s = \sin x \end{array}\right) \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(1+c)^2 + s^2}{(1+c)^2}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2+2c}{(1+c)^2}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{1+c}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{2\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}} \quad \left(1 + \cos x = 2\cos^2 \frac{x}{2} \text{ より}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\left|\cos \frac{x}{2}\right|} \end{aligned}$$

$0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ においては $0 \leq \frac{x}{2} \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$ であり $\cos \frac{x}{2} > 0$ だから

$$\sqrt{1 + (y')^2} = \frac{1}{\cos \frac{x}{2}}$$

よって、求める長さ L は曲線の長さの公式により

$$\begin{aligned} L &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{\cos \frac{x}{2}} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos \frac{x}{2}}{1 - \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

ここで、 $\sin \frac{x}{2} = t$ により積分変数を置き換えると

$$\begin{array}{l} x \mid 0 \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \\ t \mid 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{array}, \quad \frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} dx = dt \quad \text{より}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \frac{2}{1-t^2} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \left(\frac{1}{1-t} + \frac{1}{1+t} \right) dt \\ &= \left[-\log |1-t| + \log |1+t| \right]_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \\ &= \left[\log \left(\frac{1+t}{1-t} \right) \right]_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \\ &= \log \frac{1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{1-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \\ &= \log (\sqrt{2}+1)^2 \\ &= \underline{\underline{2 \log (\sqrt{2}+1)}} \end{aligned}$$